

Ecological metrics of biomass removed by 3 methods of purse-seine fishing for tunas in the eastern tropical Pacific Ocean

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EBFMtuna-2012
Montpellier, France

60°

40°

20°

0°

20°

40°

100°

120°

140°

160°

180°

160°

140°

120°

100°

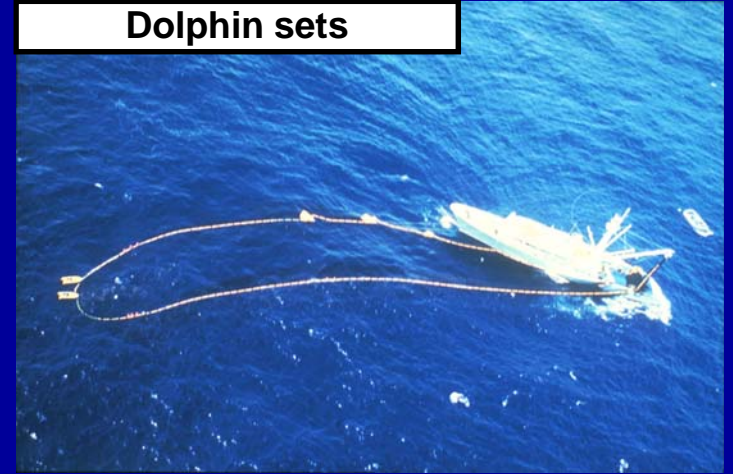
80°

60°

3 methods of purse-seine fishing for tunas in the eastern tropical Pacific Ocean

- Dolphin sets
 - Landings: large yellowfin
 - Discards (low): small yellowfin, dolphins
- Floating-object sets
 - Landings: bigeye, skipjack and yellowfin
 - Discards (large): misc. fish, sharks, billfishes
- Unassociated sets
 - Landings: skipjack and yellowfin
 - Discards (medium): small target fish, sharks

Dolphin sets



Floating-object sets



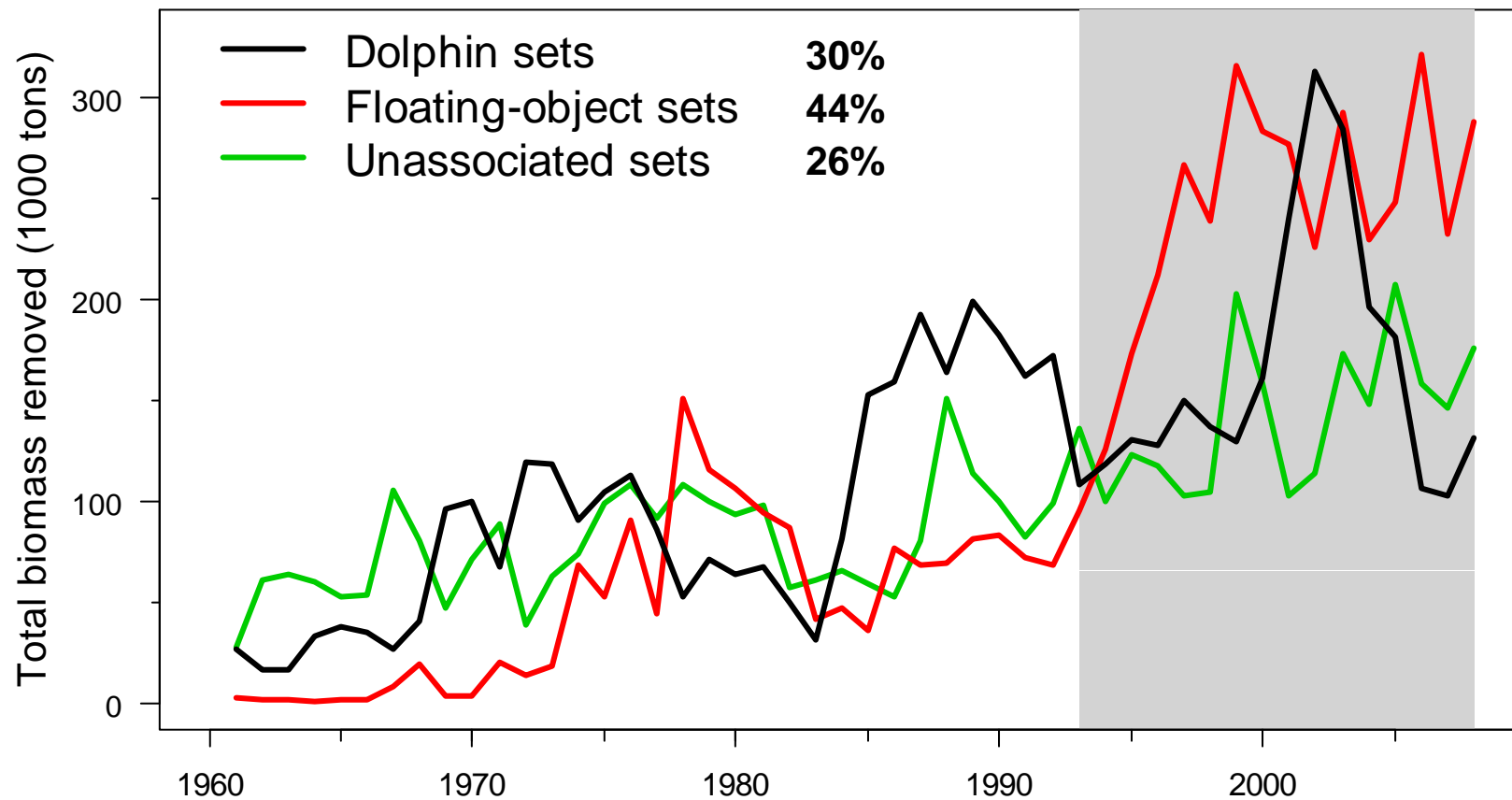
Unassociated sets



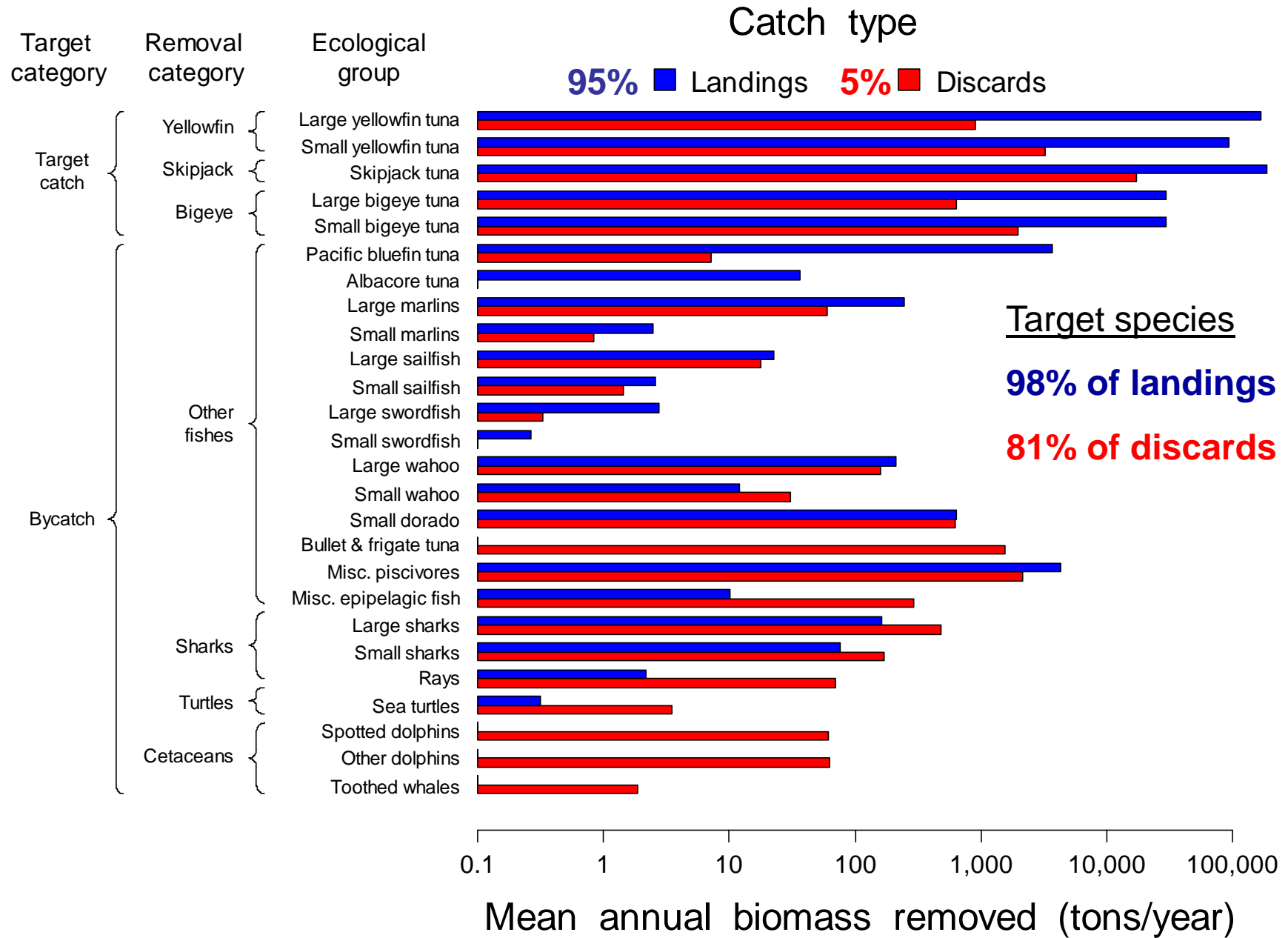
Ecosystem-based management

- Effects of fishery depend on total removals (landings + discards)
- Reduction of bycatch is a goal, but not the only goal
- Animals removed differ in size, life history, and ecological role
- Removals vary in type and amount, and can be measured as
 - Number
 - Weight
 - Trophic level (1+ weighted average TLs of prey)
 - Replacement time (= inverse of P/B)
 - Diversity (Shannon = $-\sum_i p_i \ln p_i$)
- Trophic levels and P/B ratios from model of Olson & Watters (2003)

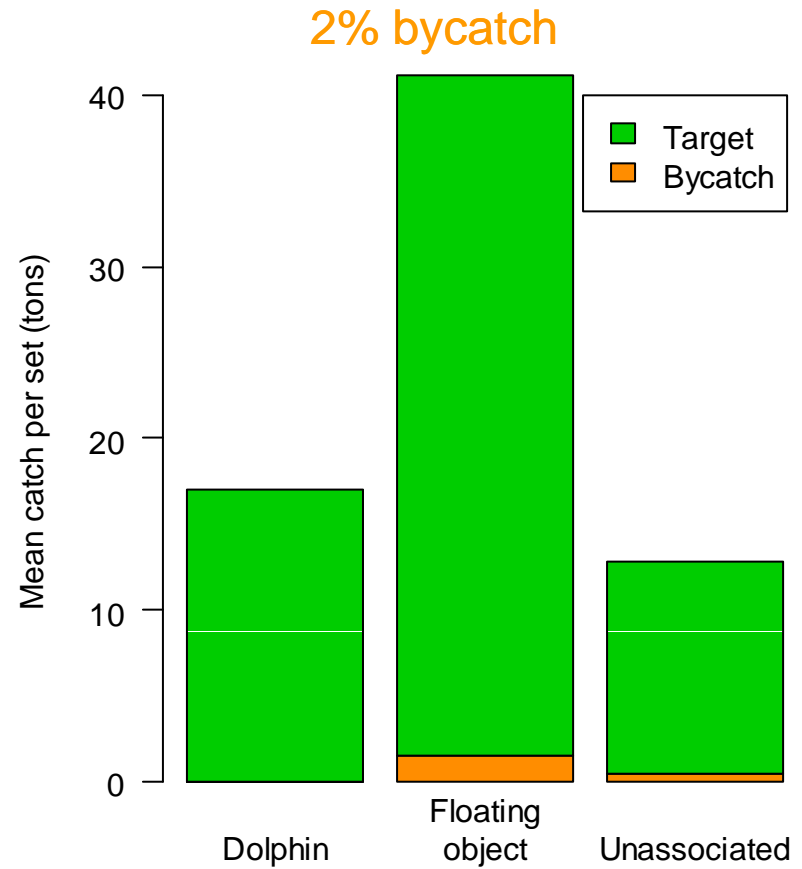
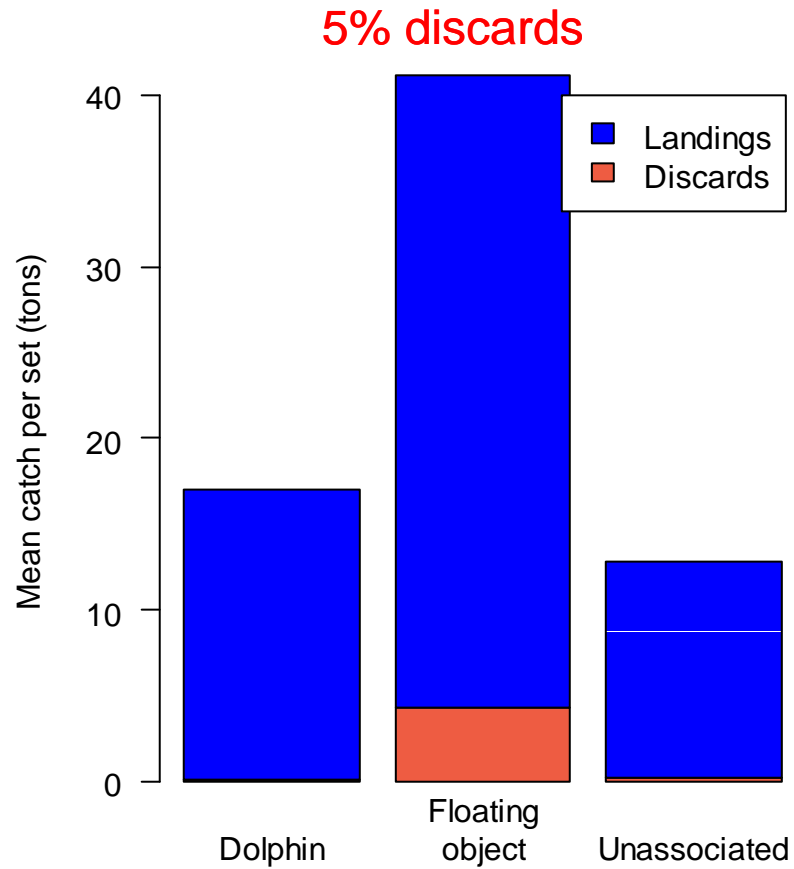
TOTAL ANNUAL BIOMASS REMOVALS eastern tropical Pacific



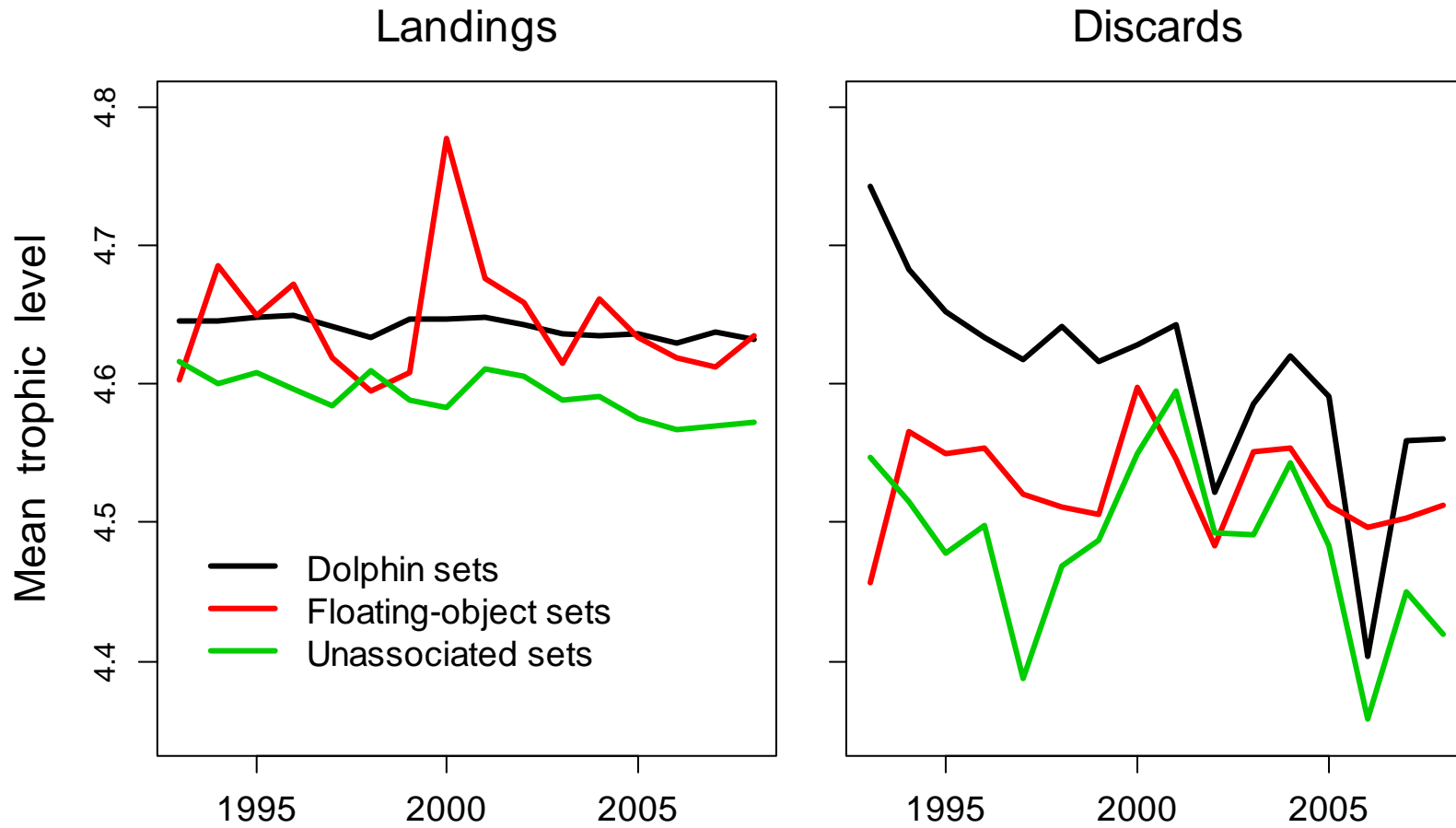
Data from ~94% of trips during 1993-2008



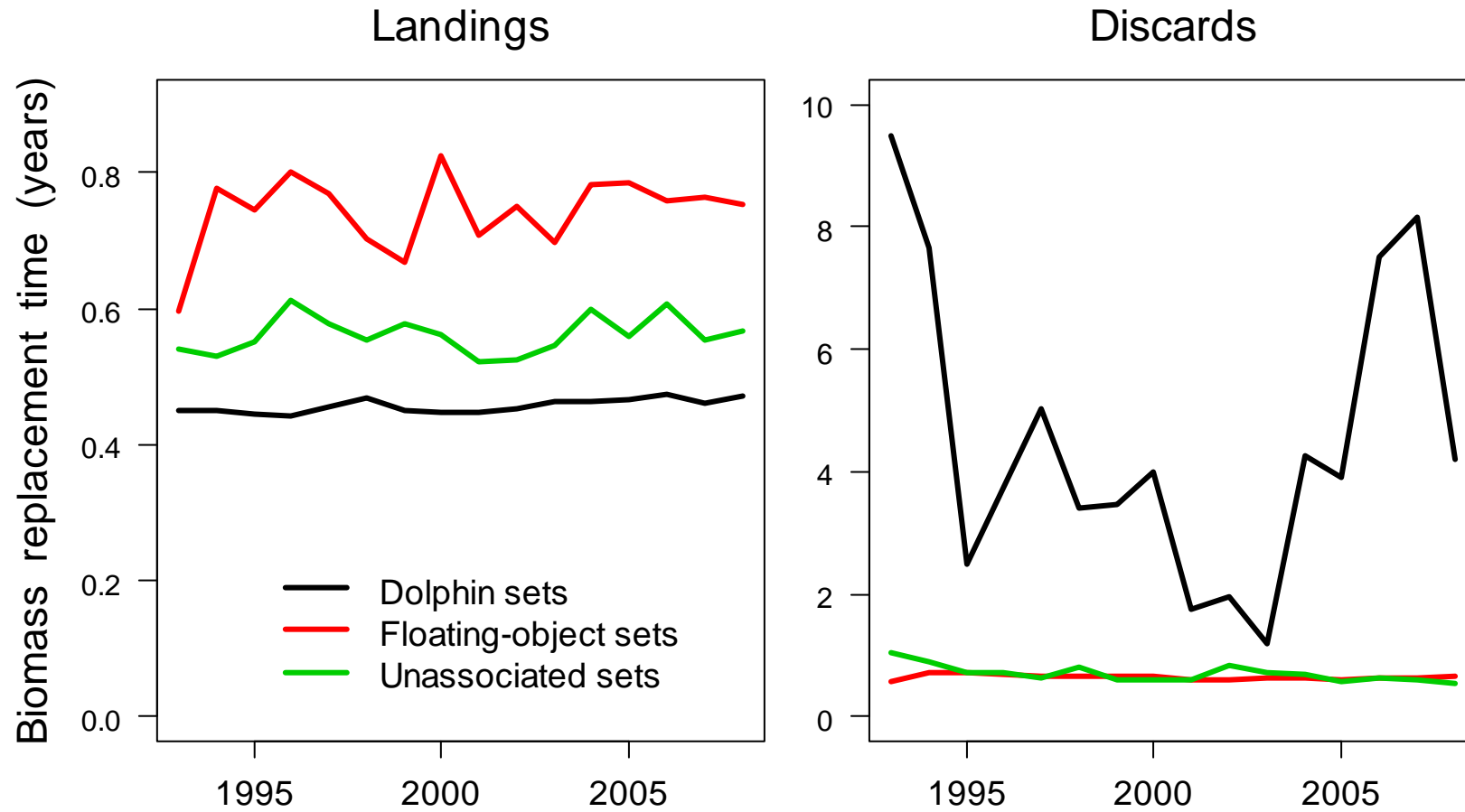
MEAN TOTAL REMOVALS PER SET



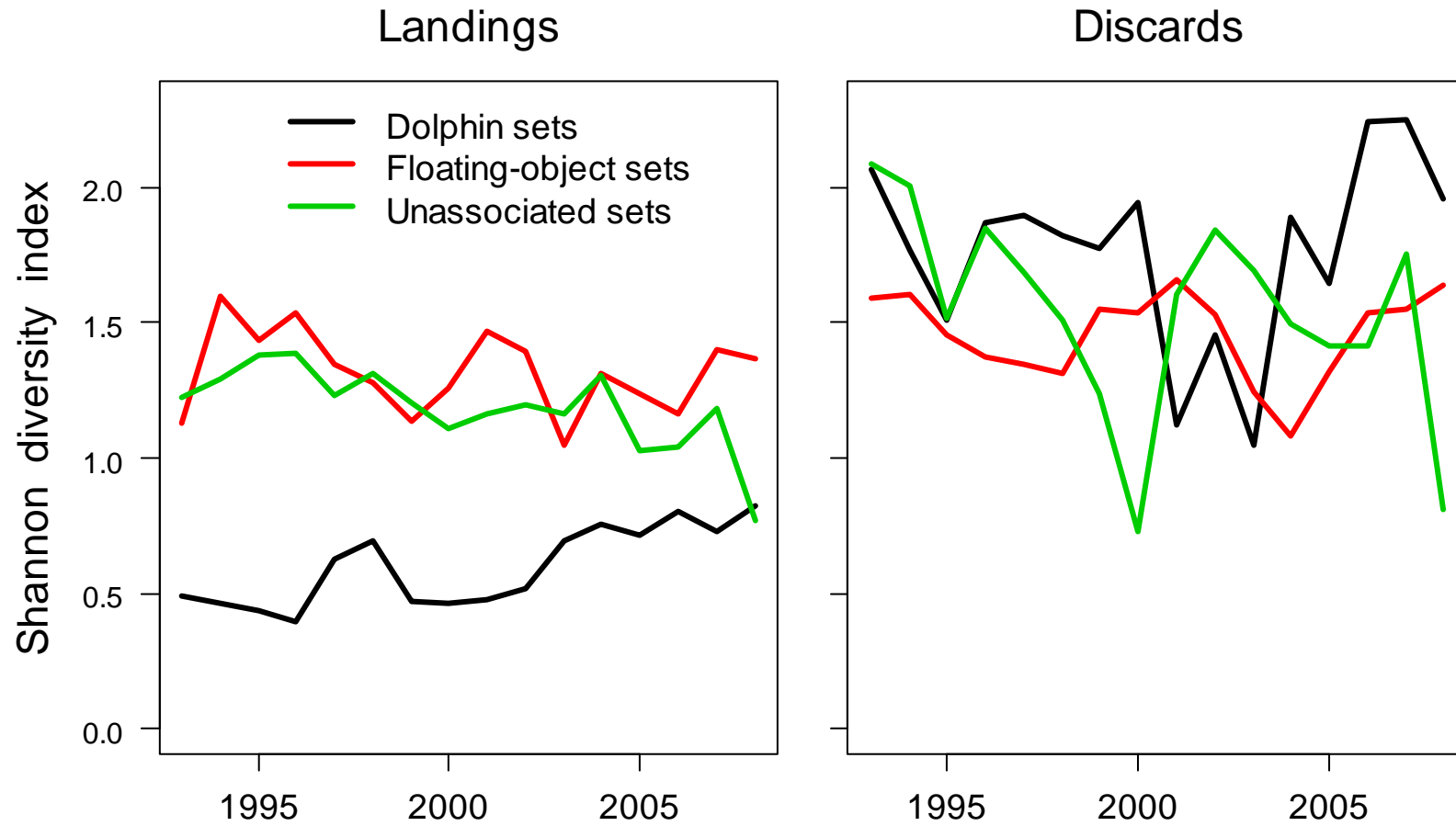
TROPHIC LEVEL



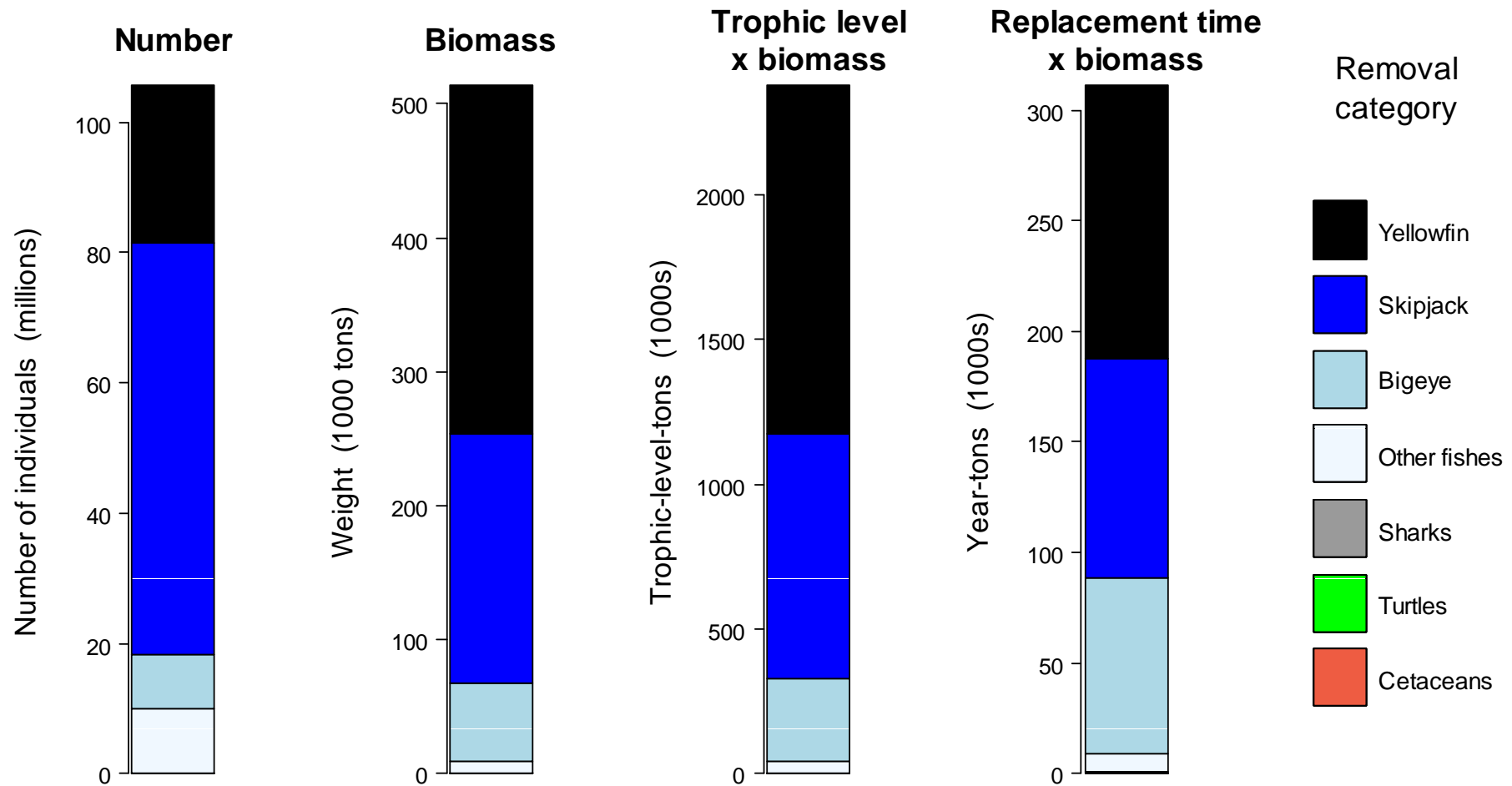
BIOMASS REPLACEMENT TIME



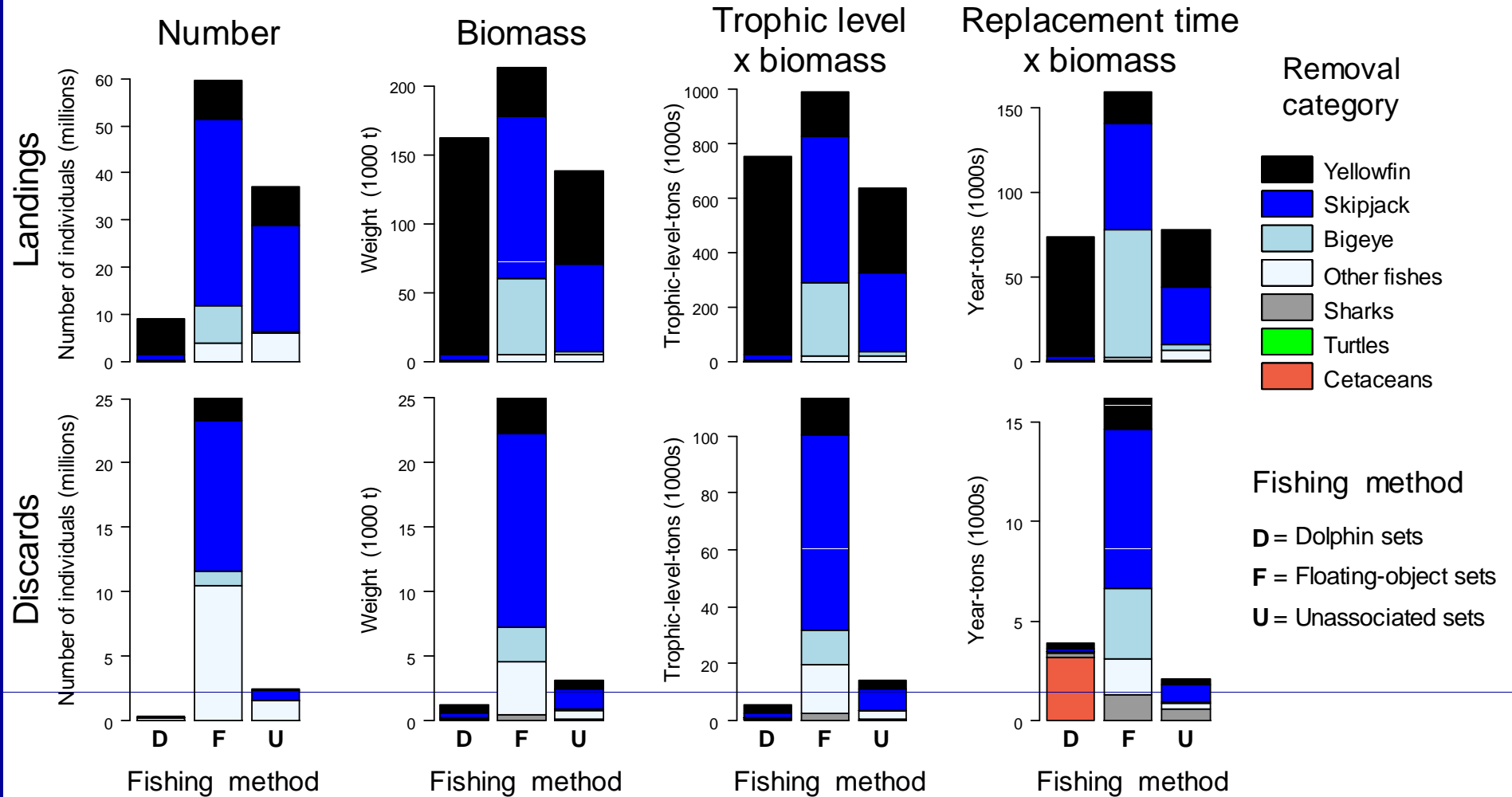
DIVERSITY



4 METRICS OF TOTAL AMOUNT OF REMOVALS



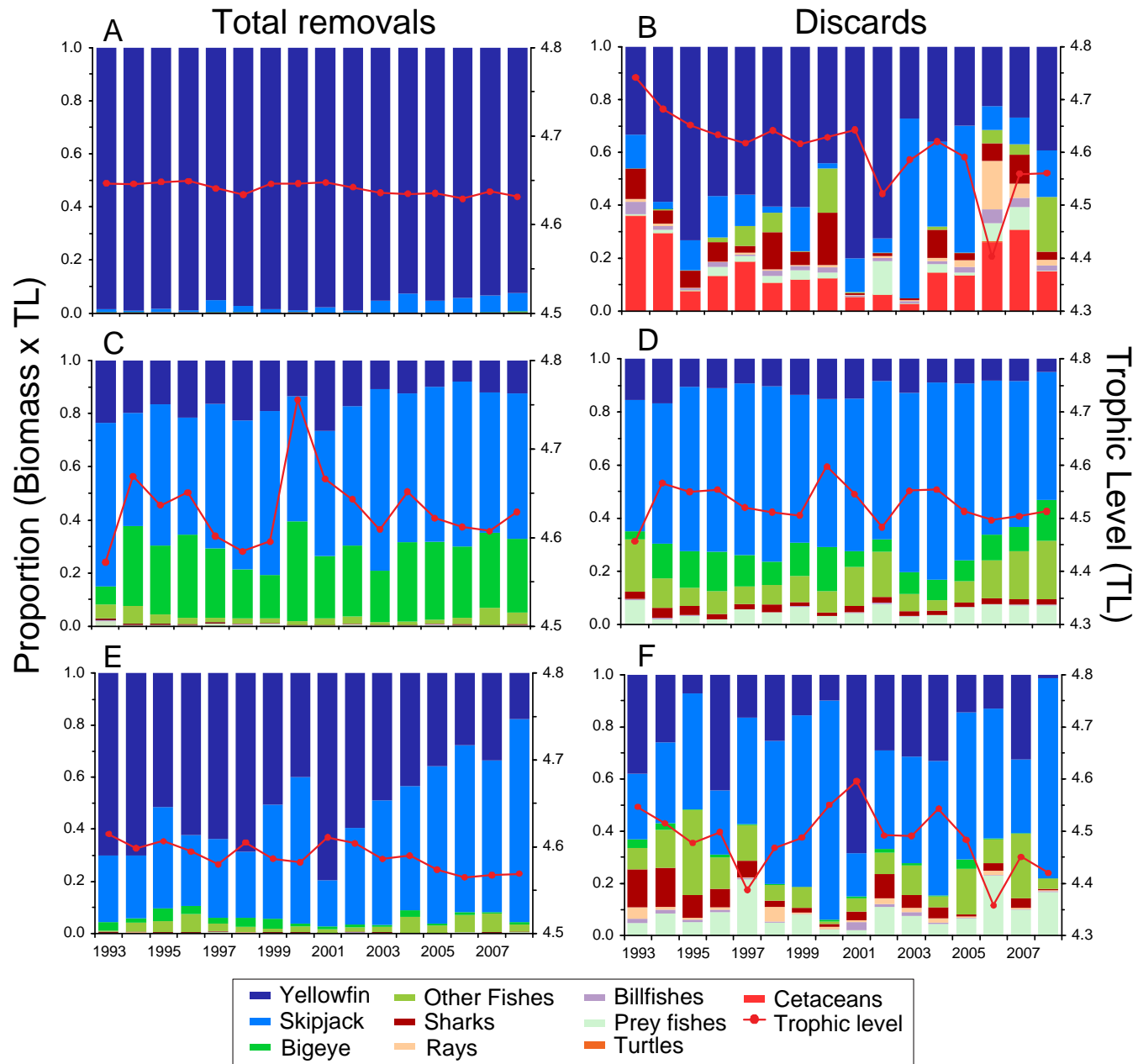
4 METRICS OF TOTAL AMOUNT OF REMOVALS

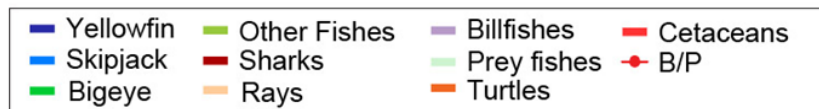
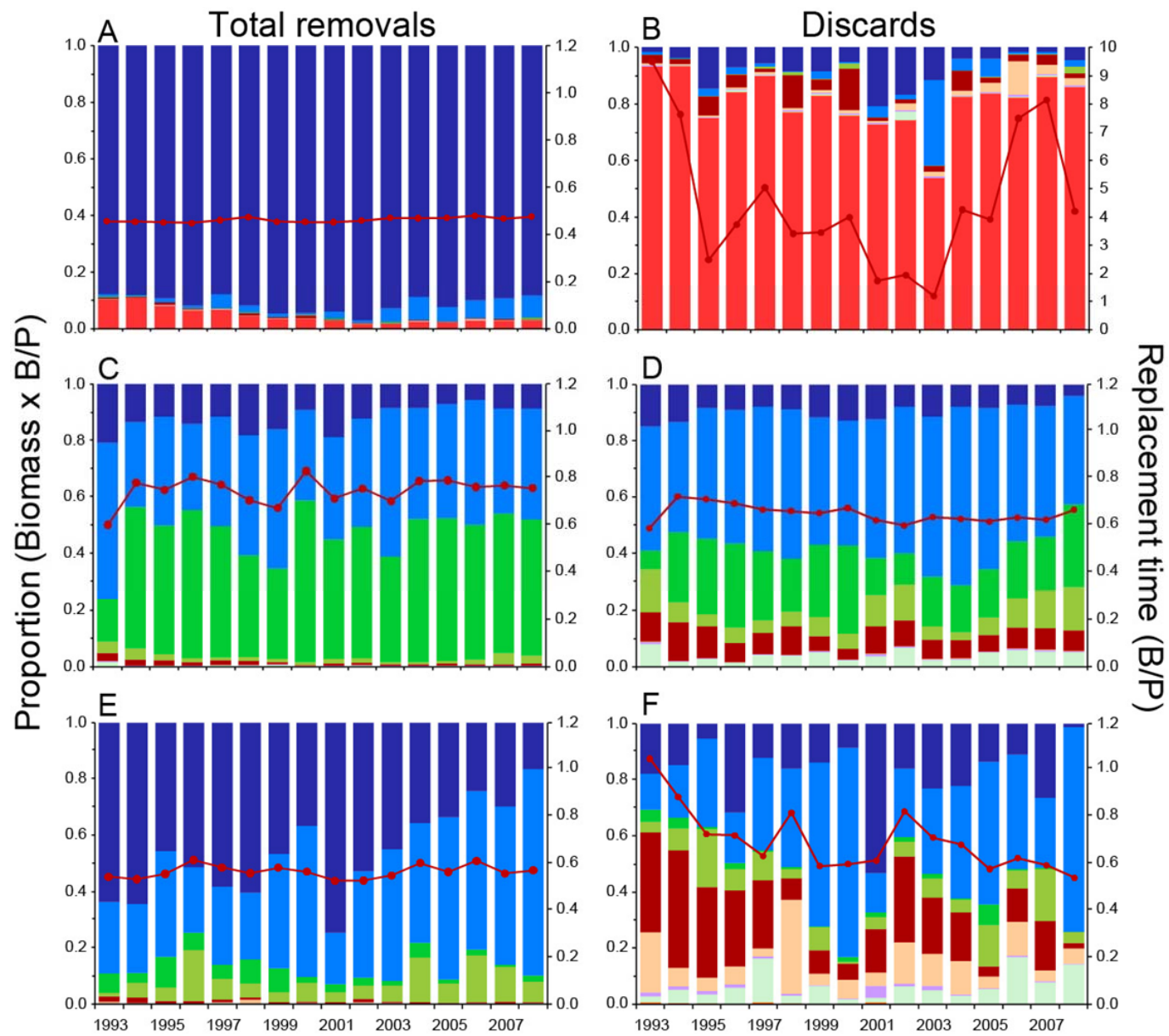


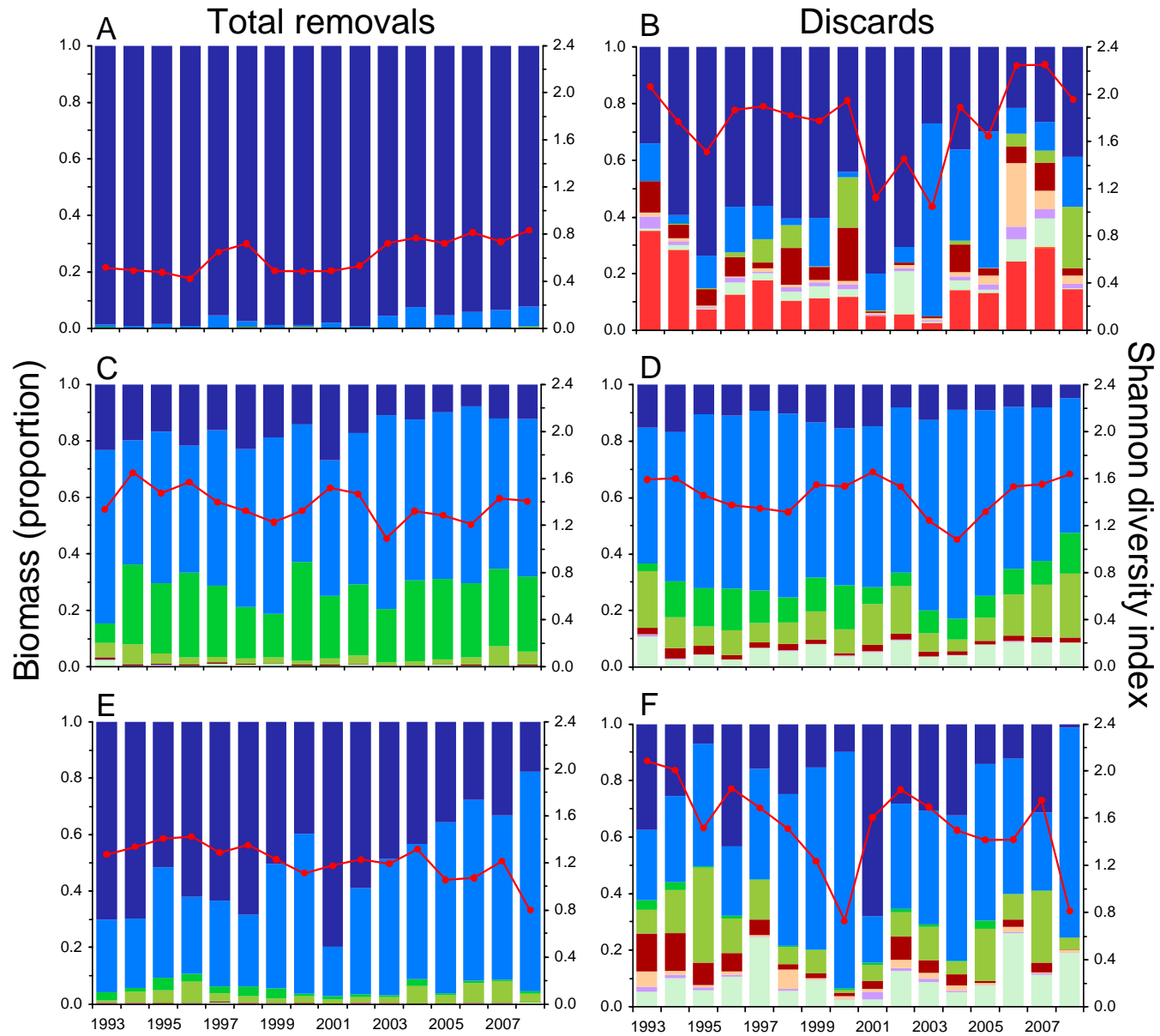
Concluding remarks

- EBFM takes account of total removals by fishery: landings + discards
- EBFM needs ecologically informative metrics
- Dolphin, floating-object and unassociated methods of fishing have different ecological consequences.
- Effects on individual populations may still be necessary for conservation reasons (e.g., dolphins, sharks, bigeye tuna).
- EBFM is about what remains, not what is removed.









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